

NAM LIONG GLOBAL CORPORATION

Minutes of 2026 Annual General Shareholders' Meeting (Translation)

Time: Tuesday, June 23, 2026, at 9:00 am

Place: B1 F, No. 269, Chongyang Rd., Nangang Dist., Taipei City 115, Taiwan

Attendance: The total number of shares issued by the company is 122,403,239 shares.

The total number of outstanding shares issued by the company is 122,403,239 shares. The number of shareholder representative shares in attendance is 92,437,481 shares, of which 92,436,481 shares the voting rights of which are exercised by the electronic means. The attendance rate is 75.51%, which has reached the legal limit.

This shareholder meeting directors present includes Shao, Ten-Po (the Chairman of the Board of Directors), Pai, Ching-Jen (Director), Hsiao, Yu-Chiao (Director), Tsao, Ching-Ming (Independent Director), Huang, Wen-Ming (Independent Director), Chiu, Li-Yin (Independent Director), a total of 6 directors attended, more than half of the 9 directors.

Attendee: Wang, Kelly / Wang, Ling-Shuang (General Manager), Chang, Cheng-Hsiu (CPA), Wu, Hung-Shan (Lawyer)

Chairman: Shao, Ten-Po (the Chairman of the Board of Directors)

Recorder: Su, Meng-Hsu

I. Call the Meeting to Order:

The aggregate shareholding of the attendance has formed a quorum. The Chairman called the meeting to order.

II. Chairman's Remarks: (omitted)

III. Report Matters

1. 2025 Business Report. (Please refer to Attachment 1 and Attachment 3)
2. Audit Committee's Review Report on the 2025 Financial Statements. (Please refer to Attachment 2)
3. Distribution of Employees' and Directors' Compensation in 2025. (Please refer to Meeting Agenda)
4. Report on Director Remuneration for 2025. (Please refer to Attachment 4)
5. Report on Investment Business. (Please refer to Meeting Agenda)

IV. Acknowledgement Matters

Report No. 1 (Proposed by the Board of Directors)

Subject: Adoption of the 2025 Business Report and Financial Statements.

Explanation:

- (1). The Company's 2025 Parent Company Only Financial Statements and Consolidated Financial Statements (Balance Sheets, Statements of Comprehensive Income, Statements of Changes in Equity and Statements of Cash Flows) have been certified by Chang, Cheng-Hsiu and Huang, Hsiu-Chun of Deloitte & Touche. The reports and business report have also been reviewed by the audit committee.
- (2). Please refer to Attachment 1 and Attachment 3 for the 2025 Business Report, Independent Auditor's Report and aforementioned financial reports.
- (3). This proposal was put forth for approval.

Resolution:

The proposal has been adopted by voting without any modification. The voting results are as followed:

Total voting shares represented by shareholders present: 92,437,481 shares

Voting results	Proportion to the total represented shares present (%)
Affirmative votes: 92,391,955 shares (including 92,391,955 shares the voting rights of which are exercised by the electronic means)	99.95
Dissentient votes: 9,095 shares (including 9,095 shares the voting rights of which are exercised by the electronic means)	0.01
Invalid votes: 0 shares	0.00
Abstained votes: 36,431 shares (including 35,431 shares the voting rights of which are exercised by the electronic means)	0.04

Report No. 2 (Proposed by the Board of Directors)

Subject: Adoption of the Proposal for 2025 Distribution of Earnings.

Explanation:

- (1). 1. The 2025 net profit after tax was NT\$26,694,399. The Board has adopted a Proposal for the 2024 Distribution of Earnings as shown below:

NAM LIONG GLOBAL CORPORATION

Earnings Distribution Table

2025

Unit: NT\$

Item	Total
Beginning unappropriated retained earnings	\$181,971,869
Net profit after tax	26,694,399
Legal reserve recognized (10%)	(2,669,440)
Distributable net earnings	205,996,828
Distributable Items:	
Cash dividends - NT\$0.25 per share	(30,600,809)
Ending unappropriated retained earnings	\$175,396,019

Chairman:

Shao, Ten-Po

General Manager:

Wang, Kelly

Accounting Manager:

Su, Meng-Hsu

(Wang, Ling-Shuang)

2. According to the proposal for 2025 distribution of earnings, the cash dividends was NT\$0.25 per share, with a distribution amount of NT\$30,600,809. The aforementioned cash dividend shall be rounded down to the nearest dollar, and the total of any fractional amount less than one dollar shall have decimals ordered from greatest to least, with the account no. from front-to-back order to meet the total cash dividends distribution. The above distribution ratio is calculated based on the number of issued and outstanding ordinary shares of 122,403,239 shares.
3. Upon approval during the Annual Meeting of Shareholders, it was proposed that the Chairman be authorized to resolve the ex-dividend date, issue date, and other relevant issues.
4. If the dividend ratio is affected later on by changes in the outstanding shares due to change in share capital, shares repurchased by the Company or the Company's Employees, and change or cancellation of

treasury shares, resulting in adjustment of dividend for distribution per share, it was proposed that the Chairman be authorized to facilitate such adjustment.

(2). This proposal was put forth for approval.

Resolution:

The proposal has been adopted by voting without any modification. The voting results are as followed:

Total voting shares represented by shareholders present: 92,437,481 shares

Voting results	Proportion to the total represented shares present (%)
Affirmative votes: 92,391,955 shares (including 92,391,955 shares the voting rights of which are exercised by the electronic means)	99.95
Dissentient votes: 9,095 shares (including 9,095 shares the voting rights of which are exercised by the electronic means)	0.01
Invalid votes: 0 shares	0.00
Abstained votes: 36,431 shares (including 35,431 shares the voting rights of which are exercised by the electronic means)	0.04

V. Discussion Matters

Report No. 1 (Proposed by the Board of Directors)

Subject: Amendment to the Company's "Rules of Procedure for Shareholders' Meeting".

Explanation:

- (1). In accordance with the letter No. 1120334642 dated March 14, 2023 and the letter No. 1150331020 dated February 13, 2026 issued by the Financial Supervisory Commission, as well as for operational needs, certain provisions of the Company's "Rules of Procedure for Shareholders' Meeting" are proposed to be amended.
- (2). Please refer to Attachment 5 for a comparison table of the amended provisions of the Company's "Rules of Procedure for Shareholders' Meetings".

(3). This proposal was put forth for approval.

Resolution:

The proposal has been adopted by voting without any modification. The voting results are as followed:

Total voting shares represented by shareholders present: 92,437,481 shares

Voting results	Proportion to the total represented shares present (%)
Affirmative votes: 92,392,942 shares (including 92,392,942 shares the voting rights of which are exercised by the electronic means)	99.95
Dissentient votes: 9,110 shares (including 9,110 shares the voting rights of which are exercised by the electronic means)	0.01
Invalid votes: 0 shares	0.00
Abstained votes: 35,429 shares (including 34,429 shares the voting rights of which are exercised by the electronic means)	0.04

VI. Extemporary Motions

After consultation by the chairman with all shareholders present, no extraordinary motions were raised.

VII. Adjournment

June 23, 2026, at 9:19 am.

The chairman announced the adjournment of the meeting, which was approved by all shareholders present without objection.

There were no questions from shareholders at this shareholders' meeting.

Note to Readers

If there is any conflict between the English version and the original Chinese version or any difference in the interpretation of the two versions, the Chinese-language version shall prevail.

2025 Business Report

Under the impact of uncertainty in US tariff policies, compounded by international geopolitical conflicts, inflation, and fluctuating interest rates, procurement paces in end markets have turned conservative. Consequently, the Company's domestic and overseas revenue performance experienced a decline compared to the previous year. In the face of high external market uncertainty, the Company adheres to the strategy of 'agile response and continuous innovation.' We will continue to leverage our strengths in multi-application composite materials to deepen relationships with existing client bases and expand into new markets. Simultaneously, by advancing sustainable and digital management, the Company aims to enhance operational resilience and overall competitiveness.

Below is the report on the 2025 business results and 2026 business plans:

1. 2025 Business Report

(1). 2025 Business Achievement Report

A. Income and expenses:

- a. The net operating revenue in 2025 was NT \$ 1,486,135 thousand, an decrease of NT\$194,874 thousand, compared to the net operating revenue in 2024 of NT \$ 1,681,009 thousand. The consolidated net revenues in 2025 was NT \$ 2,430,036 thousand, an decrease of NT\$239,045 thousand, compared to the consolidated net revenues in 2024 of NT\$2,669,081 thousand.
- b. The cost of revenue in 2025 was NT\$1,127,019 thousand, which was 75.84% of the net operating revenue. The consolidated cost of revenue in 2025 was NT\$1,817,808 thousand, which was 74.81% of the consolidated net operating revenue.
- c. The operating expenses in 2025 was NT\$347,189 thousand, which was 23.36% of the net operating revenue. The consolidated operating

expenses in 2025 was NT\$567,198 thousand, which was 23.34% of the consolidated net operating revenue.

B. Net profit

- a. The net income in 2025 was NT\$26,695 thousand. The earnings per share (EPS) was NT\$0.22.
- b. The consolidated net income in 2025 was NT\$26,695 thousand. The earnings per share (EPS) was NT\$0.22.

(2). Report on Budget Implementation

Not applicable, the company has not prepared a financial forecast for 2025.

(3). Analysis of Financial Balance and Profitability

Unit: NT\$; %

Item	Ratio
Return on Assets (ROA)	1.25
Return on Equity (ROE)	1.48
Profit Before Tax to Capital Stock	4.30
Net profit margin	1.09
Basic earnings per share	0.22

(4). Research and Development Status

The consolidated research and development expense in 2025 was NT\$67,361 thousand, which was 2.77% of the consolidated net operating revenue.

Textile Composites

- A. In 2025, the business layout and development of the Eco-Family product line progressively yielded substantive benefits. Driven by materials and products built upon the three pillars of Reduce, Replace, and Recycle, and backed by strong recognition from major brands and consumers, its 2025 revenue achieved a growth of over 35% compared to 2024, and continues to rise. In the polymer sector (including polymer foam and specialty film products) as well as the textile sector (including hook-and-loop fasteners

and specialty textiles) the integration of bio-based material substitution and recycled material applications has steadily gained brand approval and customer recognition, laying a solid foundation for future growth.

- B. To implement sustainable low-carbon development, we continue to promote environmentally friendly manufacturing solutions, including low-solvent processes, solvent-free processes, water-based eco-friendly processes, and waterless dyeing techniques using solution-dyed nylon fabrics. These innovations significantly reduce raw material consumption, VOC emissions, and water usage. In terms of bio-based material applications, we utilize bio-based TPU films, bio-based rubber sponges, bio-based thermoplastic sponges, green symbiotic resin pellets, and bio-based antimicrobial protective garments. These efforts align with brand sustainability requirements while enhancing the competitiveness of our products.
- C. In support of Global Recycled Standard (GRS) product promotion, our initiatives include in-house recycling and reuse technologies, eco-friendly recycled yarns, recyclable mono-materials, the use of recycled content, and PET coating technologies combined with polyester fabrics. These efforts are aligned with the Company's sustainability roadmap, continuously advancing carbon reduction, carbon footprint management, thereby laying a solid foundation and carbon inventory projects for expansion into new niche markets.

Chemical Product

- A. Continuously increasing partnerships with advanced development suppliers enables the introduction of novel and unique products, aligning with current market trends centered around environmental protection, energy efficiency, sustainability, and natural materials. Emphasizing environmentally certified products ensures fulfillment of customer and market demands
- B. To enhance the Company's reputation in various industries, we have proactively introduced antimicrobial plastic materials that cater to more customers and generate higher profits in non-textile business segments.

Electronic Product

- A. In the field of Residual Current Devices (RCDs), the Company continues to deepen its presence in the green home appliance market. A new protector specifically developed for solar water heaters completed its design phase and sample delivery in the fourth quarter of 2025. This product has successfully passed functional testing in Japan and is currently undergoing environmental durability validation. Featuring an advanced 'Electronic Reset' design that replaces traditional mechanical structures, the product significantly enhances operational convenience. To strengthen our intellectual property portfolio, we have concurrently filed for invention patents in Japan, China, and Taiwan.
- B. In the power supply unit (PSU) segment, the Company has implemented a strategy of technical upgrades and market repositioning. Addressing the health-tech market, we have entered a strategic partnership with Johnson Health Tech. Co., Ltd. (Johnson Health Tech), a global leader in fitness equipment, to co-develop external power solutions. By standardizing specifications, we have optimized heat dissipation efficiency and shortened lead times; these products are currently in the testing phase with a priority rollout planned for the North American market. Furthermore, our power solutions for high-end LCD applications have secured U.S. safety certifications. The Company will flexibly adjust its order-taking strategy in response to the evolving U.S.-China tariff landscape. Regarding global environmental trends, our next-generation low-energy standard products have entered Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC) testing to ensure compliance with the latest energy regulations and high-stability requirements.

2. 2026 Business Plan for Production and Sales

(1). Operations Strategy

While the 2026 fiscal year may still face external influences such as geopolitical risks and reciprocal U.S. tariff policies, their impact is gradually moderating. Looking ahead to 2026, the Company expects to see a recovery

in operations and steady growth compared to 2025. To navigate rapidly shifting business challenges and risks, we have adopted 'Four Pillars and One Core' as our central strategy for transformation and optimization. Beyond our long-standing initiatives in green and smart manufacturing, we will place particular emphasis on 'Innovation & High-Value Addition' and the development of 'New Frontiers' (New Market Applications). These two focus areas will serve as critical engines for driving revenue and net profit growth. Furthermore, recognizing that the precision of internal controls directly impacts margins, we will continue to vigorously promote lean management to enhance operational resilience and create sustainable growth.

Textile Composites

A. Pillar I: Green Strategy – A Dual-Pronged Approach

- a. Carbon Management and ESG Compliance: As energy conservation and carbon reduction remain pivotal global trends, the Company is actively conducting Organizational Carbon Footprints and Product Carbon Footprints (PCF). By adhering to SASB (Sustainability Accounting Standards Board) indicators, we ensure our operations not only meet but exceed market regulatory thresholds, thereby consolidating our long-term competitive advantage.
- b. Innovation in Sustainable Materials: We continue to drive innovation in bio-based and eco-friendly recycled products. Guided by the '3R' principles (Replace, Recycle, Reduce), we are aligning the development of our Eco-Family series with the evolving demands of international clients. Furthermore, we are intensifying our 'Green Marketing' efforts through our Sustainability Reports and official website to expand our market reach and enhance the revenue and profit margins of our green product portfolio.

B. Pillar II: Innovation and High-Value Addition

We are transforming our business divisions to focus on high-growth, high-margin sectors through effective resource synergy. Our strategic expansion targets the Electronics, Medical, Aerospace, AI, and Defense sectors—industries characterized by technical rigor and significant value potential. Our priority is to deliver technologically advanced, differentiated products

that meet the highest quality benchmarks, allowing us to solidify partnerships with critical clients and capture new market opportunities. By standardizing and replicating our successful product-service models, we are building a scalable framework for sustainable growth and market leadership.

C. Pillar III: Smart Manufacturing and High-Efficiency Cost Reduction

Centering on smart manufacturing, the Company integrates lean management with AI applications to drive the digital transformation of production control. Our goal is to enhance product quality, production stability, and operational efficiency while accelerating decision-making and reducing manufacturing losses. By implementing AI-driven analysis and decision-support mechanisms for process optimization, we mitigate the risks associated with human error and improve real-time information transparency. Furthermore, we are actively leveraging government subsidies and resources to accelerate the implementation of digital solutions, ultimately achieving structural cost reductions and maximizing overall productivity.

D. Pillar IV: Exploring New Frontiers (Targeting New Growth Sectors)

Moving beyond established market boundaries, we are capitalizing on the immense momentum of Taiwan's high-tech industry to address emerging demands in Semiconductors, AI, Robotics, and Drones. Our proactive positioning is designed to unlock new global markets and applications, creating a powerful engine for our next phase of expansion. Through a rigorous evaluation of emerging trends, we identify and invest in high-potential sectors with a disciplined, phased approach. By integrating our core strengths in eco-friendly and high-performance composite materials, we deliver unique material solutions that empower our brand partners and solidify our competitive edge.

E. Core Foundation of the Four Strategic Pillars: Rigorous Implementation of Internal Control Systems

At the core of our strategy is the rigorous execution of our internal control systems. We are advancing our operational precision through the standardization of management cycles and the digitalization of our

processes. This focus improves data transparency and our ability to monitor operations in real-time, bolstering our risk-prevention and active-control frameworks to stabilize business performance. To ensure consistent management, we strictly enforce a fair system of accountability and have implemented real-time anomaly reporting and tracking. Through these measures, we aim to increase management transparency and ensure that our operational goals are met with the highest level of consistency.

Chemical Product

- A. As clients gradually move their production bases overseas and increasingly prefer local delivery as an alternative, the domestic market is facing a declining demand. Therefore, the Company needs to strengthen its export capabilities and retain customers to meet market demand.
- B. Facing the industry-wide decline in domestic textile production caused by cost and labor headwinds, we are diversifying our customer base beyond the textile sector to drive growth. We have identified Home Furnishings, Furniture, and Food Storage as key target industries for our functional additive solutions. By capitalizing on our established position within the supply chains of large-scale domestic enterprises, we will accelerate the promotion of these specialized products, transforming this cross-sector expansion into a vital driver for our future performance.

Electronic Product

The Company views the consolidation of existing client relationships as its cornerstone while continuing to drive the core strategy of 'Power Solutions.' By integrating cross-departmental R&D, validation, regulatory expertise, and high-efficiency project management, The Company transforms its extensive industry experience into comprehensive solutions with robust intellectual capital. These offerings provide clients with high-value choices that comply with next-generation energy efficiency regulations.

Looking ahead, The Company will adhere to a 'technology-service-oriented' high-margin business model to ensure sustained and stable order growth. Simultaneously, through active strategic collaborations with industry peers, The Company aims to shorten design-to-market cycles and reduce production costs. By maintaining an agile and efficient operational layout,

The Company will accelerate its market expansion and enhance overall corporate profitability.

(2). Estimated Number of Items Sold

Items	Estimated Number of Items Sold
Textile Composites (Note 1)	173,775,000
Chemical Product (Note 2)	387,000
Electronic Product (Note 3)	1,518,500

Note 1: The product units are PCS, BAG, M and YDS.

Note 2: The product unit is KG.

Note 3: The product unit is PCS.

(3). Key Sales and Marketing Policies

A. Continuing Alignment with Sustainability Trends

Following the international sustainability indicators SASB-Apparel, Accessories, and Footwear for the textile, apparel, and footwear industries, we manage key indicators and continuously develop green materials research and explore green supply chains.

B. Actively expanding revenue scale

Continuously optimizing the promotion tools for green marketing, integrating planning with international green certifications, and combining the value chains upstream and downstream to provide customers with comprehensive solutions for developing trend demands.

C. Strengthening Sustainable Operational Advantages

Through digitized management, we leverage the complementary operational benefits between Taiwan and overseas bases, refine quality management, enhance production efficiency, strengthen the sustainable inheritance of talents and achieving core competitiveness through the enhancement of key advantages.

3. Company Development Strategies

(1). Enhancing innovative research and development to boost core competitiveness continuously

Focusing on the development of composite materials for Taiwan's competitive industries (including Electronics, AI, Robotics, and UAVs) with an emphasis on high-value, differentiated, and new applications. The research and development strategy is centered on three primary pillars: Sustainability (circular materials), Lightweight, and High performance and/with intelligence. Through systematic product lines and diversified service models, the objective is to enhance overall core competitiveness.

(2). Upgrade digital technology to provide real-time and precise management

Executing comprehensive digital technology upgrades to enable real-time, precision decision-making for global management. Key initiatives include the continuous enhancement of the Management War Room, the implementation of MES (Manufacturing Execution System), optimization of production scheduling, precision marketing management, and the full digitalization of official documents to improve administrative efficiency. Simultaneously, the Company will continue to strengthen information security risk management, maintaining robust data security under the ISO 27001 framework.

(3). Implement sustainable management with talent sustainability planning

In response to the demands of the New Southbound expansion into Southeast Asia and the penetration into new industrial applications, we are building a multi-national talent pool, strengthening our skills management systems, and continuously investing in diversified training programs to enhance employee capabilities. Simultaneously, a talent sustainability and succession plan has been launched to ensure a robust talent reserve. These initiatives not only support sustainable development but also enable the Company to effectively respond to shifting market demands and emerging technological trends.

(4). Proactively manage risks and build a strong control mechanism

In accordance with the TCFD framework for climate-related financial disclosures, we aim to understand both the actual and potential climate risks and opportunities, identify and assess their materiality and significance, and formulate various risk prevention, mitigation, and adaptation strategies. This is to enhance our risk management mechanisms, ensuring swift and effective responses to various challenges as they arise.

4. Impacts on Competitive, Legal and General Environment

(1). Mitigating Risks of Geopolitical Uncertainty and Tariff Lag Effects Through Market Diversification and Tri-Regional Fulfillment

In response to geopolitical uncertainties and US-China trade issues, the Company has adopted a proactive strategy. By leveraging a diversified market presence (currently supported by multiple distributors and agents across more than 73 countries) we mitigate risks through a tri-regional fulfillment model spanning Taiwan, China, and Vietnam. The Company remains focused on multi-sector development, including Safety & Protection, Outdoor Leisure & Sports, Medical & Healthcare, Defense & Military, Home Textiles, Automotive Materials, and Bedding. Maintaining competitive advantages across these diverse sectors enhances the Company's resilience and flexibility, enabling us to adapt to uncertain environmental changes and ensure stable revenue performance.

(2). In response to the issue of climate change and actively invest in green and renewable materials research

The year 2025 marks the tenth anniversary of the Paris Agreement, with new research indicating that the historical correlation between GDP growth and rising emissions is beginning to weaken. An increasing number of nations are achieving sustained economic growth while significantly reducing carbon dioxide emissions. In alignment with the pivotal discussions at COP 28, the Company is dedicated to actively phasing out fossil fuels. Since 2020, the

company has successfully replaced heavy oil steam boilers with natural gas steam boilers, thereby reducing carbon emissions. Simultaneously, it continues research and development on green and recycled materials under the Eco-Family initiative, reducing reliance on petroleum and actively engaging in the recycling and reuse of waste, not only contributing to environmental protection but also keeping pace with trends in the international business environment, enhancing the company's sustainability competitiveness.

We are grateful for the continued support and encouragement from each shareholder. We look forward to further growing the business with you.

2026 Annual Shareholders' Meeting

Warm regards,

Chairman:
Shao, Ten-Po

General Manager:
Wang, Kelly
(Wang, Ling-Shuang)

Accounting Manager:
Su, Meng-Hsu

NAM LIONG GLOBAL CORPORATION

Audit Committee's Review Report

The 2025 business report, parent company only financial statements and consolidated financial statements of the Company were prepared by its Board of Directors and certified by Chang, Cheng-Hsiu and Huang, Hsiu-Chun of Deloitte & Touche. The aforementioned reports, business report, parent company only financial statements and consolidated financial statements as well as earnings distribution proposal were reviewed by the Committee and are certified true and correct. The Committee hereby submits the aforementioned reports and proposal for approval in accordance with Article 14-4 of the Securities and Exchange Act and Article 219 of the Company Act.

To: 2026 Annual Shareholders' Meeting

NAM LIONG GLOBAL CORPORATION

Convener of Audit Committee

Huang, Chung-Hui

March 11, 2026

Declaration of Consolidated Financial Statements of Affiliated Enterprises

For the Year Ended December 31, 2025, the entities that are required to be included in the consolidated financial statements of NAM LIONG GLOBAL CORPORATION, in accordance with the Criteria Governing the Preparation of Affiliation Reports, Consolidated Business Reports and Consolidated Financial Statements of Affiliated Enterprises are the same as those included in the consolidated financial statements prepared under the International Financial Reporting Standard 10, "Consolidated Financial Statements". In addition, the information required to be disclosed in the consolidated financial statements of Affiliates has all been included in the consolidated financial statements of parent and subsidiary companies. Consequently, NAM LIONG GLOBAL CORPORATION and Subsidiaries do not prepare a separate set of consolidated financial statements.

Hereby declare,

NAM LIONG GLOBAL CORPORATION

By

Shao, Ten-Po
Chairman

March 11, 2026

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors and Shareholders

NAM LIONG GLOBAL CORPORATION

Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of NAM LIONG GLOBAL CORPORATION and its subsidiaries (the "Group"), which comprise the consolidated balance sheets as of December 31, 2025 and 2024, and the consolidated statements of comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the years then ended, and the notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Company as of December 31, 2025 and 2024, and its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), International Accounting Standards (IAS), IFRIC Interpretations (IFRIC), and SIC Interpretations (SIC) that came into effect as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission of the Republic of China.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with the Regulations Governing Auditing and Attestation of Financial Statements by Certified Public Accountants and Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the consolidated financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with The Norm of Professional Ethics for Certified Public Accountants of the Republic of China, and we have fulfilled our other ethical

responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2025. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Key audit matters for the Group's consolidated financial statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2025 are stated as follows:

Sales to Specific Customers

The Group's sales growth of specific customers was different from the overall sales trend and the amount was substantial in 2025. Therefore, authenticity of revenue for the sales to specific customers is identified as one of the key audit matters For the Year Ended December 31, 2025.

In connection with the above key audit matter, the following audit procedures were performed:

1. We understood, and evaluated relevant operating procedures and internal controls for sales transactions. Also, we tested the design on of the internal controls and the effectiveness of the implementation.
2. We obtained details of sales to breakdown from specific customers, and reviewed relevant documents of revenue recognition, including the original orders, delivery notes, and actual amount received to verify the authenticity of revenue recognition.
3. We obtained details of subsequent sales returns from specific customers, and verified the reasonableness of the returns.

Other Matter

We have audited and issued an unmodified opinion with an explanatory paragraph on the parent company only financial statements of NAM LIONG GLOBAL CORPORATION as of and For the Year Ended December 31, 2025 and 2024.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and the IFRS, IAS, IFRIC, and SIC endorsed and issued into effect by the Financial Supervisory Commission of the Republic of China, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance (including members of the Audit Committee) are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

1. Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient

and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

2. Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
3. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
4. Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
5. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
6. Obtain sufficient and appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the Group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings,

including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2024 and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partners on the audits resulting in this independent auditors' report are Chang, Cheng-Hsiu and Huang, Hsiu-Chun.

Deloitte & Touche
Taipei, Taiwan
Republic of China

March 11, 2026

Notice to Readers

The consolidated financial statements are intended only to present the consolidated financial position, financial performance and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the Republic of China and not those of any other jurisdictions. The standards, procedures and practices to audit such consolidated financial statements are those generally applied in the Republic of China.

For the convenience of readers, the independent auditors' report and the consolidated financial statements have been translated into English from the original Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. If there is any conflict between the English version and the original Chinese version or any difference in the interpretation of the two versions, the Chinese-language independent auditors' report and consolidated financial statements shall prevail.

NAM LIONG GLOBAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
DECEMBER 31, 2025 AND 2024
(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Code	ASSETS	December 31, 2025		December 31, 2024	
		Amount	%	Amount	%
	CURRENT ASSETS				
1100	Cash and cash equivalents (Notes 4 and 6)	\$ 797,457	23	\$ 801,397	23
1136	Financial assets at amortized cost – current (Notes 4, 9 and 27)	118,946	3	59,534	2
1150	Notes receivable – non-related parties (Notes 4 and 10)	49,454	2	77,909	2
1160	Notes receivable – related parties (Notes 4, 10 and 26)	9,882	-	14,597	-
1170	Accounts receivable – non-related parties (Notes 4 and 10)	355,947	10	382,363	11
1180	Accounts receivable – related parties (Notes 4, 10 and 26)	48,164	1	55,345	1
1220	Current tax assets (Notes 4 and 22)	195	-	12,407	-
130X	Inventories (Notes 4, 5 and 11)	329,173	10	341,093	10
1470	Other current assets (Note 26)	53,947	2	43,973	1
11XX	Total current assets	1,763,165	51	1,788,618	50
	NON-CURRENT ASSETS				
1517	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income – non-current (Notes 4 and 8)	280,854	8	310,804	9
1535	Financial assets at amortized cost – non-current (Notes 4, 9 and 27)	100,000	3	104,730	3
1600	Property, plant and equipment (Notes 4, 13, 26 and 27)	901,962	26	911,602	26
1755	Right-of-use assets (Notes 4, 14, 27 and 28)	227,575	6	222,096	6
1760	Investment properties (Notes 4, 15 and 28)	54,345	2	55,016	2
1805	Goodwill (Notes 4 and 16)	88,813	3	88,813	3
1821	Intangible assets (Note 4)	3,726	-	4,459	-
1840	Deferred tax assets (Notes 4 and 22)	45,534	1	39,417	1
1990	Other non-current assets	18,521	-	16,854	-
15XX	Total non-current assets	1,721,330	49	1,753,791	50
1XXX	TOTAL	\$ 3,484,495	100	\$ 3,542,409	100
	LIABILITIES AND EQUITY				
	CURRENT LIABILITIES				
2100	Short-term borrowings (Notes 17 and 27)	\$ 30,000	1	\$ 150,000	4
2120	Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss – current (Notes 4, 7 and 18)	100	-	1,050	-
2150	Notes payable – non-related parties	9,223	-	10,203	-
2160	Notes payable – related parties (Note 26)	267	-	548	-
2170	Accounts payable – non-related parties	224,656	6	238,424	7
2180	Accounts payable – related parties (Note 26)	12,369	-	15,949	1
2219	Other payables (Note 26)	126,257	4	157,174	4
2230	Current tax liabilities (Notes 4 and 22)	10,295	-	5,748	-
2280	Lease liabilities – current (Notes 4 and 14)	50,450	2	44,896	1
2320	Current portion of long-term borrowings (Notes 17, 18, 27 and 28)	568,923	16	229,402	7
2399	Other current liabilities (Note 26)	23,536	1	14,016	-
21XX	Total current liabilities	1,056,076	30	867,410	24
	NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES				
2530	Bonds payable (Notes 4, 18, 25 and 27)	-	-	520,956	15
2540	Long-term borrowings (Notes 17, 27 and 28)	464,150	13	123,261	4
2570	Deferred tax liabilities (Notes 4 and 22)	52,566	2	51,857	1
2580	Lease liabilities – non-current (Notes 4 and 14)	150,805	4	154,187	4
2645	Guarantee deposits received	480	-	480	-
25XX	Total non-current liabilities	668,001	19	850,741	24
2XXX	Total liabilities	1,724,077	49	1,718,151	48
	EQUITY ATTRIBUTABLE TO OWNERS OF THE COMPANY (Notes 4 and 20)				
3100	Share capital	1,224,032	35	1,224,032	35
3211	Capital surplus	100,784	3	100,784	3
	Retained earnings				
3310	Legal reserve	47,417	2	33,642	1
3350	Unappropriated earnings	208,667	6	256,949	7
3300	Total retained earnings	256,084	8	290,591	8
3400	Other equity	179,518	5	208,851	6
3XXX	Total equity	1,760,418	51	1,824,258	52
	TOTAL	\$ 3,484,495	100	\$ 3,542,409	100

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

NAM LIONG GLOBAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2025 AND 2024
(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except Earnings per Share)

Code		2025		2024	
		Amount	%	Amount	%
4100	OPERATING REVENUE (Notes 4 and 26)	\$ 2,430,036	100	\$ 2,669,081	100
5110	OPERATING COSTS (Notes 4, 11, 21 and 26)	<u>1,817,808</u>	<u>75</u>	<u>1,931,002</u>	<u>73</u>
5900	GROSS PROFIT	<u>612,228</u>	<u>25</u>	<u>738,079</u>	<u>27</u>
	OPERATING EXPENSES (Notes 4, 10, 21 and 26)				
6100	Selling and marketing expenses	155,638	6	158,358	6
6200	General and administrative expenses	341,183	14	368,332	14
6300	Research and development expenses	67,361	3	71,708	2
6450	Expected credit loss (gain)	<u>3,016</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(4,954)</u>	<u>-</u>
6000	Total operating expenses	<u>567,198</u>	<u>23</u>	<u>593,444</u>	<u>22</u>
6900	PROFIT FROM OPERATIONS	<u>45,030</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>144,635</u>	<u>5</u>
	NON-OPERATING INCOME AND EXPENSES				
7020	Other gains and losses (Notes 4 and 18)	6,186	-	918	-
7050	Finance costs (Notes 4 and 21)	(22,913)	(1)	(24,646)	(1)
7100	Interest revenue	7,438	-	13,744	1
7010	Other income (Notes 4, 21 and 26)	39,245	2	48,381	2
7230	Foreign exchange (losses) gains (Notes 4 and 29)	(17,082)	(1)	33,659	1
7590	Miscellaneous disbursements (Note 21)	(<u>5,174</u>)	<u>-</u>	(<u>22,299</u>)	(<u>1</u>)
7000	Total non-operating income and expenses	<u>7,700</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>49,757</u>	<u>2</u>

(Continued)

Code		2025		2024	
		Amount	%	Amount	%
7900	PROFIT BEFORE INCOME TAX FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS	\$ 52,730	2	\$ 194,392	7
7950	INCOME TAX EXPENSE (Notes 4 and 22)	(26,035)	(1)	(56,641)	(2)
8200	NET PROFIT FOR THE YEAR	<u>26,695</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>137,751</u>	<u>5</u>
	OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS) (Notes 4, 22 and 25)				
	Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss				
8316	Unrealized gain (loss) on investments in equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income	(29,950)	(1)	<u>24,490</u>	<u>1</u>
8310		(29,950)	(1)	<u>24,490</u>	<u>1</u>
	Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss				
8361	Exchange differences on translation of the financial statements of foreign operations	(181)	-	28,683	1
8399	Income tax related to items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss	<u>798</u>	<u>-</u>	(407)	-
8360		<u>617</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>28,276</u>	<u>1</u>
8300	Other comprehensive income (loss), net of income tax	(29,333)	(1)	<u>52,766</u>	<u>2</u>
8500	TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR	(\$ <u>2,638</u>)	<u>-</u>	<u>\$ 190,517</u>	<u>7</u>
	EARNINGS PER SHARE (Note 23)				
9710	Basic	<u>\$ 0.22</u>		<u>\$ 1.13</u>	
9810	Diluted	<u>\$ 0.13</u>		<u>\$ 0.86</u>	

(Concluded)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

NAM LIONG GLOBAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
 CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2025 AND 2024
 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Specified Otherwise)

Code		Share capital (Notes 4, 18 and 20)		Capital surplus (Notes 4, 18 and 20)	Retained earnings(Notes 4 and 20)		Other equity		Total equity
		Shares (In Thousands)	Amount		Legal reserve	Unappropriated earnings	Exchange differences on translation of the financial statements of foreign operation (Notes 4 and 22)	Unrealized valuation gain/(Loss) on financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (Notes 4 and 8)	
A1	BALANCE ON JANUARY 1, 2024	122,392	\$ 1,223,923	\$ 100,683	\$ 32,386	\$ 151,052	(\$ 26,571)	\$ 182,656	\$ 1,664,129
	Appropriation of 2023 earnings								
B1	Legal reserve	-	-	-	1,256	(1,256)	-	-	-
B5	Cash dividends to shareholders	-	-	-	-	(30,598)	-	-	(30,598)
		-	-	-	1,256	(31,854)	-	-	(30,598)
D1	Net profit For the Year Ended December 31, 2024	-	-	-	-	137,751	-	-	137,751
D3	Other comprehensive income (loss) in 2024, net of income tax	-	-	-	-	-	28,276	24,490	52,766
D5	Total comprehensive income (loss) in 2024	-	-	-	-	137,751	28,276	24,490	190,517
I1	Convertible bonds conversion	11	109	101	-	-	-	-	210
Z1	BALANCE ON DECEMBE 31, 2024	122,403	1,224,032	100,784	33,642	256,949	1,705	207,146	1,824,258
	Appropriation of 2024 earnings								
B1	Legal reserve	-	-	-	13,775	(13,775)	-	-	-
B5	Cash dividends to shareholders	-	-	-	-	(61,202)	-	-	(61,202)
		-	-	-	13,775	(74,977)	-	-	(61,202)
D1	Net profit For the Year Ended December 31, 2025	-	-	-	-	26,695	-	-	26,695
D3	Other comprehensive income (loss) in 2025, net of income tax	-	-	-	-	-	617	(29,950)	(29,333)
D5	Total comprehensive income (loss) in 2025	-	-	-	-	26,695	617	(29,950)	(2,638)
Z1	BALANCE ON DECEMBE 31, 2025	122,403	\$ 1,224,032	\$ 100,784	\$ 47,417	\$ 208,667	\$ 2,322	\$ 177,196	\$ 1,760,418

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

NAM LIONG GLOBAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2025 AND 2024
(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Code		2025	2024
	CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
A10000	Income before income tax	\$ 52,730	\$ 194,392
A20010	Adjustments for:		
A20100	Depreciation expense	132,520	125,052
A20200	Amortization expense	1,112	1,472
A20300	Expected credit loss (gain)	3,016	(4,954)
A20400	Net (gain) loss on financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	(950)	(1,100)
A20900	Finance costs	22,913	24,646
A21200	Interest revenue	(7,438)	(13,744)
A21300	Dividend income	(7,092)	(14,184)
A22500	Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	980	182
A29900	Gains on lease modification	(6,216)	-
A23700	Write-down (reversal of) of inventories	36	(15,287)
A24100	Unrealized foreign currency exchange losses (gains)	400	(7,892)
A30000	Changes in operating assets and liabilities		
A31130	Notes receivable	33,170	(10,358)
A31150	Accounts receivable	30,373	(78,098)
A31200	Inventories	14,359	7,440
A31240	Other current assets	(17,842)	1,373
A32130	Notes payable	(1,261)	(5,495)
A32150	Accounts payable	(17,454)	50,802
A32180	Other payables	(19,567)	18,910
A32230	Other current liabilities	9,520	2,864
A33000	Cash generated from operations	223,309	276,021
A33100	Interest received	7,438	13,744
A33300	Interest paid	(16,228)	(19,166)
A33500	Income taxes paid	(14,345)	(59,077)
AAAA	Net cash generated from operating activities	<u>200,174</u>	<u>211,522</u>

(Continued)

Code		2025	2024
	CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
B00040	Acquisitions of financial assets at amortized cost	(\$ 99,694)	(\$ 50,611)
B00050	Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at amortized cost	45,175	76,119
B02700	Acquisitions of property, plant, and equipment	(84,851)	(32,111)
B02800	Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment	1,256	284
B03700	Increase in guarantee deposits paid	(865)	(1,870)
B04500	Acquisitions of intangible assets	(379)	(480)
B06700	Increase in other non-current assets	(2,344)	-
B07100	Decrease (increase) in prepayments for equipment	1,542	(5,138)
B07600	Dividends received	<u>7,092</u>	<u>14,184</u>
BBBB	Net cash (used in) generated from investing activities	(<u>133,068</u>)	<u>377</u>
	CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
C00100	(Decrease) increase in short-term borrowings	(120,000)	20,000
C01600	Proceeds from long-term borrowings	373,481	73,000
C01700	Repayments of long-term borrowings	(207,424)	(228,469)
C03000	Decrease deposits received	-	(171)
C04020	Payments of lease liabilities	(53,809)	(45,667)
C04500	Cash dividends paid	(<u>61,202</u>)	(<u>30,598</u>)
CCCC	Net cash used in financing activities	(<u>68,954</u>)	(<u>211,905</u>)
DDDD	EFFECT OF EXCHANGE RATE CHANGES ON THE BALANCE OF CASH HELD IN FOREIGN CURRENCIES	(<u>2,092</u>)	<u>19,794</u>
EEEE	NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(3,940)	19,788
E00100	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF YEAR	<u>801,397</u>	<u>781,609</u>
E00200	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF YEAR	<u>\$ 797,457</u>	<u>\$ 801,397</u>

(Concluded)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors and Shareholders
NAM LIONG GLOBAL CORPORATION

Opinion

We have audited the parent company only financial statements of NAM LIONG GLOBAL CORPORATION (the "Company"), which comprise the parent company only balance sheets as of December 31, 2025 and 2024, and the parent company only statements of comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the years then ended, and the notes to the parent company only financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the parent company only financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the parent company only financial position of the Company as of December 31, 2025 and 2024, and its parent company only financial performance and its parent company only cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and relevant acts.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with the Regulations Governing Auditing and Attestation of Financial Statements by Certified Public Accountants and Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Parent Company only financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with The Norm of Professional Ethics for Certified Public Accountants of the Republic of China, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the parent company only financial statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2025. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the parent company only financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Key audit matters for the Company's parent company only financial statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2025 are stated as follows:

Sales to Specific Customers

The Company's sales growth of specific customers was different from the overall sales trend and the amount was substantial in 2025. Therefore, authenticity of revenue for the sales to specific customers is identified as one of the key audit matters For the Year Ended December 31, 2025.

In connection with the above key audit matter, the following audit procedures were performed:

1. We understood, and evaluated relevant operating procedures and internal controls for sales transactions. Also, we tested the design on of the internal controls and the effectiveness of the implementation.
2. We obtained details of sales to breakdown from specific customers, and reviewed relevant documents of revenue recognition, including the original orders, delivery notes, and actual amount received to verify the authenticity of revenue recognition.
3. We obtained details of subsequent sales returns from specific customers, and verified the reasonableness of the returns.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Parent Company Only Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the parent company only financial statements in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and relevant acts, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the

preparation of parent company only financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the parent company only financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance (including members of the Audit Committee) are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Parent Company Only Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the parent company only financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these parent company only financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

1. Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the parent company only financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

2. Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
3. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
4. Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the parent company only financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
5. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the parent company only financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the parent company only financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
6. Obtain sufficient and appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Company to express an opinion on the parent company only financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the Company audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to

communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the parent company only financial statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2024 and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partners on the audits resulting in this independent auditors' report are Chang, Cheng-Hsiu and Huang, Hsiu-Chun.

Deloitte & Touche
Taipei, Taiwan
Republic of China

March 11, 2026

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For the convenience of readers, the independent auditors' report and the financial statements have been translated into English from the original Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. If there is any conflict between the English version and the original Chinese version or any difference in the interpretation of the two versions, the Chinese-language independent auditors' report and financial statements shall prevail.

NAM LIONG GLOBAL CORPORATION
PARENT COMPANY ONLY BALANCE SHEETS
DECEMBER 31, 2025 AND 2024
(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Code	ASSETS	December 31, 2025		December 31, 2024	
		Amount	%	Amount	%
	CURRENT ASSETS				
1100	Cash and cash equivalents (Notes 4 and 6)	\$ 298,094	10	\$ 242,707	8
1136	Financial assets at amortized cost – current (Notes 4, 9 and 27)	20,011	1	9,252	-
1150	Notes receivable – non-related parties (Notes 4 and 10)	27,876	1	29,678	1
1160	Notes receivable – related parties (Notes 4, 10 and 26)	9,839	-	14,584	-
1170	Accounts receivable – non-related parties (Notes 4 and 10)	188,070	6	226,238	7
1180	Accounts receivable – related parties (Notes 4, 10 and 26)	37,937	1	52,846	2
1200	Other receivable	2,326	-	2,116	-
1210	Other receivable – related parties (Note 26)	1,282	-	1,248	-
1220	Current tax assets (Notes 4 and 22)	-	-	11,610	-
130X	Inventories (Notes 4, 5 and 11)	198,444	6	209,827	6
1470	Other current assets	23,586	1	16,505	1
11XX	Total current assets	807,465	26	816,611	25
	NON-CURRENT ASSETS				
1517	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income – non-current (Notes 4 and 8)	280,854	9	310,804	10
1535	Financial assets at amortized cost – non-current (Notes 4, 9 and 27)	100,000	3	104,730	3
1550	Investments accounted for using equity method (Notes 4 and 12)	1,221,461	39	1,259,021	39
1600	Property, plant and equipment (Notes 4, 13 and 27)	564,942	18	543,615	17
1755	Right-of-use assets (Notes 4, 14, 27 and 28)	89,394	3	105,388	3
1760	Investment properties (Notes 4, 15 and 27)	54,345	2	55,016	2
1780	Intangible assets	3,183	-	3,864	-
1840	Deferred tax assets (Notes 4 and 22)	15,258	-	13,532	1
1900	Other non-current assets	10,562	-	11,699	-
15XX	Total non-current assets	2,339,999	74	2,407,669	75
1XXX	TOTAL	\$ 3,147,464	100	\$ 3,224,280	100
Code	LIABILITIES AND EQUITY	December 31, 2025		December 31, 2024	
		Amount	%	Amount	%
	CURRENT LIABILITIES				
2100	Short-term borrowings (Notes 16 and 27)	\$ 30,000	1	\$ 150,000	5
2120	Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss – current (Notes 4, 7 and 17)	100	-	1,050	-
2150	Notes payable – non-related parties	8,280	-	10,026	-
2160	Notes payable – related parties (Note 26)	267	-	548	-
2170	Accounts payable – non-related parties	135,066	4	158,891	5
2180	Accounts payable – related parties (Note 26)	13,907	-	15,144	1
2200	Other payables (Note 18)	87,857	3	106,484	3
2220	Other payables – related parties (Note 26)	464	-	418	-
2230	Current tax liabilities (Notes 4 and 22)	5,493	-	-	-
2280	Lease liabilities – current (Notes 4 and 14)	16,598	1	15,418	1
2110	Current portion of long-term borrowings (Notes 16, 17, 27 and 28)	545,923	17	205,710	6
2300	Other current liabilities	15,638	1	10,707	-
21XX	Total current liabilities	859,593	27	674,396	21
	NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES				
2530	Bonds payable (Notes 4, 17 and 27)	-	-	520,956	16
2540	Long-term borrowings s (Notes 16, 27 and 28)	464,150	15	122,107	4
2570	Deferred tax liabilities (Notes 4 and 22)	4,696	-	9,056	-
2580	Lease liabilities – non-current (Notes 4 and 14)	58,127	2	73,027	2
2600	Guarantee deposits received	480	-	480	-
25XX	Total non-current liabilities	527,453	17	725,626	22
2XXX	Total liabilities	1,387,046	44	1,400,022	43
	EQUITY ATTRIBUTABLE TO OWNERS OF THE COMPANY (Notes 4 and 20)				
3100	Share capital	1,224,032	39	1,224,032	38
3211	Capital surplus	100,784	3	100,784	3
	Retained earnings				
3310	Legal reserve	47,417	1	33,642	1
3350	Unappropriated earnings	208,667	7	256,949	8
3300	Total retained earnings	256,084	8	290,591	9
3400	Other equity	179,518	6	208,851	7
3XXX	Total equity	1,760,418	56	1,824,258	57
	TOTAL	\$ 3,147,464	100	\$ 3,224,280	100

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the parent company only financial statements.

NAM LIONG GLOBAL CORPORATION
PARENT COMPANY ONLY STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2025 AND 2024
(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except Earnings per Share)

Code		2025		2024	
		Amount	%	Amount	%
4110	OPERATING REVENUE (Notes 4 and 26)	\$ 1,486,135	100	\$ 1,681,009	100
5110	OPERATING COSTS (Notes 4, 11, 21 and 26)	(1,127,019)	(76)	(1,237,062)	(74)
5900	GROSS PROFIT	359,116	24	443,947	26
5910	UNREALIZED GAINS FROM SALES (Note 4)	(946)	-	(1,178)	-
5920	REALIZED GAINS FROM SALES (Note 4)	1,178	-	1,100	-
5950	REALIZED GROSS PROFIT	359,348	24	443,869	26
	OPERATING EXPENSES (Notes 4, 10, 21 and 26)				
6100	Selling and marketing expenses	97,324	6	96,549	6
6200	General and administrative expenses	219,188	15	240,159	14
6300	Research and development expenses	31,118	2	37,901	2
6450	Expected credit gain	(441)	-	(2,833)	-
6000	Total operating expenses	347,189	23	371,776	22
6900	PROFIT FROM OPERATIONS	12,159	1	72,093	4
	NON-OPERATING INCOME AND EXPENSES				
7020	Other gains and losses (Notes 4 and 17)	702	-	1,087	-
7050	Finance costs (Notes 4 and 21)	(19,005)	(1)	(20,735)	(1)
7070	Share of profits of subsidiaries accounted for using equity method (Notes 4 and 12)	18,839	1	\$ 61,407	4
7100	Interest revenue	3,043	-	6,184	1

(Continued)

Code		2025		2024	
		Amount	%	Amount	%
7190	Other income (Notes 4, 21 and 26)	\$ 30,239	2	\$ 38,246	2
7230	Foreign exchange (losses) gains (Notes 4 and 29)	(14,318)	(1)	22,650	1
7590	Miscellaneous disbursements (Note 21)	(1,780)	-	(17,393)	(1)
7000	Total non-operating income and expenses	<u>17,720</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>91,446</u>	<u>6</u>
7900	PROFIT BEFORE INCOME TAX FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS	29,879	2	163,539	10
7950	INCOME TAX EXPENSE (Notes 4 and 22)	(3,184)	-	(25,788)	(2)
8200	NET PROFIT FOR THE YEAR	<u>26,695</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>137,751</u>	<u>8</u>
	OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS) (Notes 4 and 22)				
	Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:				
8316	Unrealized gain (loss) on investments in equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income	(29,950)	(2)	24,490	1
8310		(29,950)	(2)	24,490	1
	Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:				
8361	Exchange differences on translation of the financial statements of foreign operations	(2,001)	-	\$ 28,570	2
8381	Share of the other comprehensive gains (losses) of subsidiaries accounted for using the equity method - exchange differences on translation of the financial statements of foreign operations	1,456	-	91	-
8399	Income tax related to items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss	<u>1,162</u>	-	(385)	-
8360		<u>617</u>	-	<u>28,276</u>	<u>2</u>
8300	Other comprehensive income (loss), net of income tax	(29,333)	(2)	52,766	3
8500	TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR	(\$ 2,638)	-	\$ 190,517	11

(Continued)

Code		2025		2024	
		Amount	%	Amount	%
	EARNINGS PER SHARE (Note 23)				
9710	Basic	<u>\$ 0.22</u>		<u>\$ 1.13</u>	
9810	Diluted	<u>\$ 0.13</u>		<u>\$ 0.86</u>	

(Concluded)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the parent company only financial statements.

NAM LIONG GLOBAL CORPORATION
PARENT COMPANY ONLY STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2025 AND 2024
(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Specified Otherwise)

Code		Share capital (Notes 4, 17 and 20)		Capital surplus (Notes 4, 17 and 20)	Retained earnings (Notes 4 and 20)		Other equity		Total equity
		Shares (In Thousands)	Amount		Legal reserve	Unappropriated earnings	Exchange differences on translation of the financial statements of foreign operation (Notes 4 and 22)	Unrealized valuation gain/(Loss) on financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (Notes 4 and 8)	
A1	BALANCE ON JANUARY 1, 2024	122,392	\$ 1,223,923	\$ 100,683	\$ 32,386	\$ 151,052	(\$ 26,571)	\$ 182,656	\$ 1,664,129
	Appropriation of 2023 earnings								
B1	Legal reserve	-	-	-	1,256	(1,256)	-	-	-
B5	Cash dividends to shareholders	-	-	-	-	(30,598)	-	-	(30,598)
		-	-	-	1,256	(31,854)	-	-	(30,598)
D1	Net profit For the Year Ended December 31, 2024	-	-	-	-	137,751	-	-	137,751
D3	Other comprehensive income (loss) in 2024, net of income tax	-	-	-	-	-	28,276	24,490	52,766
D5	Total comprehensive income (loss) in 2024	-	-	-	-	137,751	28,276	24,490	190,517
I1	Convertible bonds conversion	11	109	101	-	-	-	-	210
Z1	BALANCE ON DECEMBER 31, 2024	122,403	1,224,032	100,784	33,642	256,949	1,705	207,146	1,824,258
	Appropriation of 2024 earnings								
B1	Legal reserve	-	-	-	13,775	(13,775)	-	-	-
B5	Cash dividends to shareholders	-	-	-	-	(61,202)	-	-	(61,202)
		-	-	-	13,775	(74,977)	-	-	(61,202)
D1	Net profit For the Year Ended December 31, 2025	-	-	-	-	26,695	-	-	26,695
D3	Other comprehensive income (loss) in 2025, net of income tax	-	-	-	-	-	617	(29,950)	(29,333)
D5	Total comprehensive income (loss) in 2025	-	-	-	-	26,695	617	(29,950)	(2,638)
Z1	BALANCE ON DECEMBER 31, 2025	122,403	\$ 1,224,032	\$ 100,784	\$ 47,417	\$ 208,667	\$ 2,322	\$ 177,196	\$ 1,760,418

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the parent company only financial statements.

NAM LIONG GLOBAL CORPORATION
PARENT COMPANY ONLY STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2025 AND 2024
(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Code		2025	2024
	CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
A10000	Income before income tax	\$ 29,879	\$ 163,539
A20010	Adjustments for:		
A20100	Depreciation expense	66,402	55,456
A20200	Amortization expense	1,060	1,418
A20300	Expected credit gain	(441)	(2,833)
A20400	Net gain loss on financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	(950)	(1,100)
A20900	Finance costs	19,005	20,735
A21200	Interest revenue	(3,043)	(6,184)
A21300	Dividend income	(7,092)	(14,184)
A22400	Share of profits of subsidiaries accounted for using the equity method	(18,839)	(61,407)
A22500	Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	248	13
A23700	Write-down (reversal of) of inventories	145	(539)
A23900	Unrealized gains from sales with subsidiary	946	1,178
A24000	Realized gains from sales with subsidiary	(1,178)	(1,100)
A24100	Unrealized foreign currency exchange losses (gains)	450	(6,832)
A30000	Changes in operating assets and liabilities		
A31130	Notes receivable	6,547	(3,487)
A31150	Accounts receivable	52,985	(16,398)
A31180	Other receivable	(244)	257
A31200	Inventories	11,238	(2,966)
A31240	Other current assets	(14,907)	(6,751)
A32130	Notes payable	(2,027)	3,389
A32150	Accounts payable	(24,976)	22,601
A32180	Other payables	(18,566)	11,031
A32230	Other current liabilities	<u>4,931</u>	<u>3,307</u>
A33000	Cash generated from operations	101,573	159,143
A33100	Interest received	3,043	6,184

(Continued)

Code		2025	2024
A33300	Interest paid	(\$ 15,679)	(\$ 18,958)
AC0500	Income taxes paid	<u>8,995</u>	(<u>39,133</u>)
AAAA	Net cash generated from operating activities	<u>97,932</u>	<u>107,236</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
B00040	Acquisitions of financial assets at amortized cost	(10,759)	(26)
B00050	Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at amortized cost	4,730	11,270
B01800	Acquisitions of long-term equity investments accounted for using the equity method	-	(80,718)
B02400	Return of equity proceeds from capital reduction of investee companies using the equity method	-	50,000
B02700	Acquisitions of property, plant, and equipment	(69,242)	(24,735)
B02800	Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment	196	30
B03800	Increase in guarantee deposits paid	(1,276)	(1,885)
B07200	Decrease (increase) in prepayments for equipment	2,413	(5,038)
B07600	Dividends received	63,178	29,184
B04500	Acquisitions of intangible assets	(<u>379</u>)	(<u>480</u>)
BBBB	Net cash used in investing activities	(<u>11,139</u>)	(<u>22,398</u>)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
C00200	(Decrease) increase in short-term borrowings	(120,000)	20,000
C01600	Proceeds from long-term borrowings	373,481	50,000
C01700	Repayments of long-term borrowings	(205,577)	(204,776)
C04020	Payments of lease liabilities	(18,108)	(9,414)
C04500	Cash dividends paid	(<u>61,202</u>)	(<u>30,598</u>)
CCCC	Net cash used in financing activities	(<u>31,406</u>)	(<u>174,788</u>)
EEEE	NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	55,387	(89,950)
E00100	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF YEAR	<u>242,707</u>	<u>332,657</u>
E00200	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF YEAR	<u>\$ 298,094</u>	<u>\$ 242,707</u>

(Concluded)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the parent company only financial statements.

Attachment 4

Unit: NT\$ thousand

Title	Name	Director remuneration								Amount and Ratio of Total A, B, C, and D to Net Income after Tax		Remuneration Received as Employee								Amount and Ratio of Total A, B, C, D, E, F and G to Net Income after Tax		Remunera- tion from a non-subsidiary investee company or parent company
		Remuneration (A)		Pension (B)		Director Remuneration (C)(Note)		Operation fee (D)				Salaries, bonus, and special allowance, etc. (E)		Pension (F)		Employee remuneration (G)(Note)						
		NL	All Consoli- dated Entities	NL	All Consoli- dated Entities	NL	All Consoli- dated Entities	NL	All Consoli- dated Entities	NL	All Consoli- dated Entities	NL	All Consoli- dated Entities	NL	All Consoli- dated Entities	NL		All Consolidated Entities		NL	All Consoli- dated Entities	
																Cash	Stock	Cash	Stock			
Chairman	ZI LIONG ENTERPRISE CO., LTD. Representative: Shao, Ten-Po	-	-	-	-	43	43	36	36	79 0.30%	79 0.30%	4,637	4,637	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,716 17.67%	4,716 17.67%	-
Director	ZI LIONG ENTERPRISE CO., LTD. Representative: Hsiao, Chung-Hu	-	600	-	-	43	285	36	746	79 0.30%	1,631 6.11%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	79 0.30%	1,631 6.11%	-
Director	Pai, Ching-Jen	-	-	-	-	43	124	36	126	79 0.30%	250 0.94%	1,858	1,858	102	102	10	-	10	-	2,049 7.68%	2,220 8.32%	-
Director	Hsiao, Yu-Chiao	-	-	-	-	43	43	36	66	79 0.30%	109 0.41%	1,482	1,482	92	92	4	-	4	-	1,657 6.21%	1,687 6.32%	-
Director	EVER DEVELOPMENT INVESTMENT CO., LTD. Representative: Wang, Shih-Ting	-	-	-	-	43	43	36	36	79 0.30%	79 0.30%	1,548	1,548	89	89	11	-	11	-	1,727 6.47%	1,727 6.47%	-
Independent Director	Huang, Chung-Hui	368	368	-	-	43	43	156	156	567 2.12%	567 2.12%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	567 2.12%	567 2.12%	-
Independent Director	Huang, Wen-Ming	368	368	-	-	43	43	150	150	561 2.10%	561 2.10%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	561 2.10%	561 2.10%	-
Independent Director	Tsao, Ching-Ming	368	368	-	-	43	43	156	156	567 2.12%	567 2.12%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	567 2.12%	567 2.12%	-
Independent Director	Chiu, Li-Yin	189	189	-	-	43	43	63	63	295 1.11%	295 1.11%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	295 1.11%	295 1.11%	-

1. Please specify remuneration policy, system, standard and structure for independent directors, and justify in terms of their scope, risk, work time and other associating factors with remuneration: Independent director remuneration depends on one's participation and contribution to company operation and is remunerated on a monthly basis and fixed amount. No floating bonus. Independent directors are obliged to supervise and contact the management of the company for company information regularly. The current annual remuneration is reasonable.

2. Besides aforesaid disclosure, please specify the remuneration from service at any company stated in the Business Report of Board of Directors (E.g. Parent company/any company from financial statement/Third-party investee other than employees' advisor, etc.): None.

Note: Director remuneration and employee remuneration for 2025 have been adopted by Board of Directors votes.

NAM LIONG GLOBAL CORPORATION
The Comparison Table of Amended Rules of Procedure for
Shareholders' Meeting

Article No.	Detail		Reason for Amendment
	Before revision	After revision	
Article 3	Convening shareholders' meetings and shareholders' meeting notices Unless otherwise provided by law or regulation, this Corporation's shareholders' meetings shall be convened by the board of directors. Changes to how this Corporation convenes its shareholders' meeting shall be resolved by the board of directors, and shall be made no later than mailing of the shareholders' meeting notice. <u>This Corporation shall prepare electronic versions of the shareholders' meeting notice and proxy forms, and the origins of and explanatory materials relating to all proposals, including proposals for ratification, matters for deliberation, or the election or dismissal of directors or supervisors, and upload them to the Market Observation Post System (MOPS) before 30 days before the date of a regular shareholders' meeting or before 15 days before the date of a special shareholders' meeting. This Corporation shall prepare electronic versions of the shareholders' meeting agenda and supplemental meeting materials and upload them to the MOPS before 21 days before the date of the regular shareholders' meeting</u>	Convening shareholders' meetings and shareholders' meeting notices Unless otherwise provided by law or regulation, this Corporation's shareholders' meetings shall be convened by the board of directors. <u>Unless otherwise provided in the Regulations Governing the Administration of Shareholder Services of Public Companies, a company that will convene a shareholders' meeting with video conferencing shall expressly provide for such meetings in its Articles of Incorporation and obtain a resolution of its board of directors. Furthermore, convening of a virtual-only shareholders' meeting shall require a resolution adopted by a majority vote at a meeting of the board of directors attended by at least two-thirds of the total number of directors.</u> Changes to how this Corporation convenes its shareholders' meeting shall be resolved by the board of directors, and shall be made no later than mailing of the shareholders' meeting notice. This Corporation shall prepare electronic versions of the shareholders' meeting notice and proxy forms, and the origins of and explanatory materials relating to all proposals, including proposals for	Amendments made in accordance with relevant laws and regulations.

Article No.	Detail		Reason for Amendment
	Before revision	After revision	
	<u>or before 15 days before the date of the special shareholders' meeting. If, however, this Corporation has the paid-in capital of NT\$10 billion or more as of the last day of the most current fiscal year, or total shareholding of foreign shareholders and PRC shareholders reaches 30% or more as recorded in the register of shareholders of the shareholders' meeting held in the immediately preceding year, transmission of these electronic files shall be made by 30 days before the regular shareholders' meeting.</u> In addition, before 15 days before the date of the shareholders' meeting, this Corporation shall also have prepared the shareholders' meeting agenda and supplemental meeting materials and made them available for review by shareholders at any time. The meeting agenda and supplemental materials shall also be displayed at this Corporation and the professional shareholder services agent designated thereby. (Omitted)	ratification, matters for deliberation, or the election or dismissal of directors or supervisors or <u>the shareholders' meeting agenda and supplemental meeting materials,</u> and upload them to the Market Observation Post System (MOPS) before 30 days before the date of a regular shareholders' meeting or before 15 days before the date of a special shareholders' meeting. In addition, before 15 days before the date of the shareholders' meeting, <u>this Corporation shall</u> also have prepared the shareholders' meeting agenda and supplemental meeting materials and made them available for review by shareholders at any time. The meeting agenda and supplemental materials shall also be displayed at this Corporation and the professional shareholder services agent designated thereby. (Omitted)	
Article 6-1	Convening virtual shareholders' meetings and particulars to be included in the shareholders' meeting notice (Omitted) 3. To convene a virtual-only shareholders' meeting, appropriate alternative measures available to shareholders with difficulties in attending a virtual shareholders'	Convening virtual shareholders' meetings and particulars to be included in the shareholders' meeting notice (Omitted) 3. To convene a virtual-only shareholders' meeting, appropriate alternative measures available to shareholders with difficulties in attending a virtual shareholders'	Amendments made in accordance with relevant laws and regulations.

Article No.	Detail		Reason for Amendment
	Before revision	After revision	
	meeting online shall be specified.	meeting online shall be specified. <u>Except in the circumstances set out in Article 44-9, paragraph 6 of the Regulations Governing the Administration of Shareholder Services of Public Companies, the shareholders shall at least be provided with connection facilities and necessary assistance, and the period during which shareholders may apply to the company and other related matters requiring attention shall be specified.</u>	
Article 13	(Omitted) Vote monitoring and counting personnel for the voting on a proposal shall be appointed by the chair, provided that all monitoring personnel shall be shareholders of this Corporation. Vote counting for shareholders' meeting proposals or elections shall be conducted in public at the place of the shareholders' meeting. Immediately after vote counting has been completed, the results of the voting, including the statistical tallies of the numbers of votes, shall be announced on-site at the meeting, and a record made of the vote. (Omitted)	(Omitted) Vote monitoring and counting personnel for the voting on a proposal shall be appointed by the chair, provided that all monitoring personnel shall be shareholders of this Corporation. <u>Where a shareholders' meeting involves a proposal for the election of directors with more candidates than the number of seats available, a proposal for the dismissal of directors, or any proposals specified under Articles 185 and 316 of the Company Act, Articles 18, 27, 29, and 35 of the BUSINESS MERGERS AND ACQUISITIONS ACT, or Article 24, Paragraph 2, Subparagraph 1 and Article 26, Paragraph 2, Subparagraph 1 of the Financial Holding Company Act, it is advisable for the chairman to appoint a lawyer, certified public accountant (CPA), or notary public as a scrutineer.</u>	Amendments made in accordance with relevant laws and regulations.

Article No.	Detail		Reason for Amendment
	Before revision	After revision	
		<u>The person appointed by the chairman pursuant to the preceding paragraph shall not be a person responsible for the balloting process, nor shall they be a director, manager, or employee of the Company or its affiliates.</u> <u>The scrutineer shall supervise the voting and counting processes and sign the election result summary sheet.</u> <u>If a scrutineer is appointed in accordance with Paragraph 8, the minutes of the shareholders' meeting shall expressly state the name and professional title of the scrutineer.</u> Vote counting for shareholders' meeting proposals or elections shall be conducted in public at the place of the shareholders' meeting. Immediately after vote counting has been completed, the results of the voting, including the statistical tallies of the numbers of votes, shall be announced on-site at the meeting, and a record made of the vote. (Omitted)	
Article 22	Handling digital divide When convening a virtual-only shareholders' meeting, the Corporation shall provide appropriate alternative measures available to shareholders with difficulty in attending a virtual shareholders' meeting.	Handling digital divide When convening a virtual-only shareholders' meeting, the Corporation shall provide appropriate alternative measures available to shareholders with difficulty in attending a virtual shareholders' meeting. <u>Except in the circumstances set out in Article 44-9, paragraph 6 of the Regulations Governing the Administration of Shareholder Services of Public</u>	Amendments made in accordance with relevant laws and regulations.

Article No.	Detail		Reason for Amendment
	Before revision	After revision	
		<u>Companies, the shareholders shall at least be provided with connection facilities and necessary assistance, and the period during which shareholders may apply to the company and other related matters requiring attention shall be specified.</u>	
Article 24	(Omitted) The 8 th amendment was made on June 23, 2022.	(Omitted) The 8 th amendment was made on June 23, 2022. <u>The 9th amendment was made on June 23, 2026.</u>	The date of this amendment is added.